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**Statement by H.E. Ms. Ina H. Krisnamurthi
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of the Permanent Mission of the Republic of Indonesia**

**before the Administrative and Budgetary Committee (Fifth Committee) of the
72nd Session of the United Nations General Assembly**

**Agenda Item 149:
Results of the survey to support the review of the Standard rate of
reimbursement to troop- and police- contributing countries**

New York, 27 March 2018

Mr. Chairman,

I have the honor to speak in my national capacity while associating with the statement made by the Permanent Representative of Egypt on behalf of the Group of 77 and China and the statement made by the Permanent Representative of Singapore on behalf of ASEAN.

I thank Mr. Rick Martin, Director, Department of Field Support, for introducing the report of the Secretary-General and Mr. Babou Sene, the Vice-Chair of the ACABQ for introducing the Committee's report.

Mr. Chairman,

Indonesia would like to salute those countries that have sent their brave men and women in the peacekeeping service around the world. UN Peacekeeping Operations has been evolved. Threats and challenges become multidimensional and asymmetric. In this context, policy updates and review must be taken from time to time to ensure that UN Peacekeeping corresponds to today's need.

Indonesia would like to express its appreciation to the 10 sample countries for their participation in the survey. Their participation has provided the Fifth Committee with important baseline data relevant for today's discussion.

Indonesia also supports the cooperation between the Secretariat and the Headquarters Contingent-Owned Review Board in line with the criteria established by the General Assembly. Ultimately, under any system, the survey must be objective, representative, and comprehensive.

In the context of proper reimbursement for the contribution made by the TPCCs, Indonesia would like to highlight three key points:

First, Indonesia believes that developing reimbursement system that is equitable and predictable will improve the effectiveness and efficiency of UN Peacekeeping Operations.

Second, we must change our way of doing business to improve safety and security of UN Peacekeepers. There should be better priority to make peacekeepers well-trained, well-equipped, and well-informed. For female peacekeepers in particular, affirmative action should correspond with the increased demands for the role they play in UN peacekeeping missions.

Third, equal attention should also be put on the post-deployment stage, taking into account the physical and mental toll that peacekeeping operations can have on individuals.

Indonesia is looking forward to constructive discussion on this matter to reach consensus.

Thank you.

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